



UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE, BENGALURU
GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA(GKMS)
AMFU OF IMD, BENGALURU



AGROMET-ADVISORY BULLETIN

Date: **23.08.2022**

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

Significant past weather for the preceding week

Parameter	19.8.2022	20.8.2022	21.8.2022	22.8.2022	23.8.2022
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	0	0	6.8
Max. temp(°C)	29.0	27.2	28.2	27.8	27.6
Min.Temp(°C)	19.2	18.0	18.6	19.2	19.2
Sky condition(Octas)	8	6	4	6	6
Relative humidity(%) 0830 hours	89	91	86	89	89
Relative humidity(%) 1730 hours	60	59	60	58	...
Wind Speed (kmph)	4.7	5.9	5.5	6.2	5.0
Wind Direction	270	270	270	230	230

Weather forecast (Valid from 24-08-2022 to 28-08-2022)

Forecast summary:

Parameters	24.8.2022	25.8.2022	26.8.2022	27.8.2022	28.8.2022
Rainfall (mm)	11	12	12	12	14
Max Temp Trend (°C)	28	29	29	29	29
Min Temp Trend (°C)	20	21	21	21	21
Total cloud cover (octa)	8	8	8	8	8
Relative humidity (%)Max	88	88	88	92	93
Relative humidity (%)Min	86	86	86	88	88
Wind speed(Km/hr)	11	11	10	10	12
Wind Direction (Degrees)	292	292	292	292	292

Light to moderate rain is forecasted by IMD, Bangalore during next 5 days. The Maximum temperature ranges from 28.0-29.0°C and Minimum of 20.0-21.0°C. Relative humidity 88-93 % during morning hrs and 86-88 % during noon is expected. Wind speed is 10-12 km/hr.

Weather Based Agro Advisories

Crop information and Crop Stages of the major Kharif/Rabi crops

District	Kharif crops				Horticulture crops	
	Groundnut	Redgram	Finger millet	Maize	Grape	Mango
Bangalore Urban (BU)	V,F	V	S,G,EV,V	EV,V,Ts	-	--

G: Germination, S: Sowing, EV: Early vegetative, VG: Vegetative growth, TR: Tranplanting, PI: Peg initiation, FLI: Flag leaf initiation, F: Flowering, PF: Pod formation, PM: Pod Maturity, T: Tillering, Ts: Taselling, E: Ear head emergence, GF: Grain filling, H: Harvesting, IBI: Inflorescence Bud initiation, PP(V): Pod Picking Vegetable, F& FS: Flowering to fruit setting, FD: Fruit Development, H: Harvesting, M: Maturation, B: Branching

Agromet Advisory:

Crop/ Component	Stage/ Condition	Pest and Disease	Agro advisories
General			1. Magha rainstar starts from August 17 th and remains up to

		<p>August 30th. The normal rainfall of Magha rainstar is 62.8 mm.</p> <p>2. Take up land preparation and strengthen the bund with fodder grass which will facilitate conservation of rainwater due to pre-monsoon showers. Ploughing across the slope will make insitu soil moisture conservation.</p>
Kharif crops	Sowing, Germination and Early vegetative stage	<p>The following crops are suggested for sowing.</p> <p>Under double cropping the medium to short duration crops:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Wherever pre-monsoon short duration crops are sown in the month of May. They have to be harvested in August, Immediately the late Kharif crops like Finger millet Ragi (Indaf-5, 7,9, ML-365, KMR-301), Horse gram- PHG-9, KBH-1 , Niger, Field bean-HA-3 and 4 and sunflower-KBSH-1,41,42, 44 & 53, cowpea (KBC-1, TVX-944 and PKB-4 for vegetable purpose). <p>Maize: Ganga-11, Deccan -103, Vijaya composite, Composite NAC- 6004,6002, Hybrid-Nityashree (NAH-2049), Hybrid Hema (NAH-1137)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. These maize varieties resistance to Stem borer, Leaf blight and Downey mildew disease 2. Wherever, the long duration crops like Redgram, and Castor has been sown, undertake earthing up operation in addition to the above agronomic measures. Earthing up makes a better availability of soil moisture to the crop rows through conversion of the land into ridges and furrow system. 3. Wherever over population of crop plants is existing, undertake thinning operation for better availability of scarce soil moisture to the reduced population of crop plants. 4. Apply the recommended top dress fertilizer to Redgram and Maize crops.
Horticulture crop		
Mango		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 1-2 deep ploughing is recommended in mango orchard. Rainwater harvesting through opening circular trenches around the tree at a distance of 6 feet and width at 9 inches, as well as depth and mulching the trenches with dry mango and green leaf manuring helps in retaining sufficient soil moisture in soil.
Sericulture		
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Maintain the optimum room temperature in Sericulture unit.
Dairy		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Congenial climate and abundant fodder availability facilitate improved Dairy, Piggery, Poultry, Sheep and Goat rearing. ➤ Vaccinate the cow against the Haemorrhagic Septecemia (HS) and Black Quarter (BQ) Disease at the age of six month old calf. <p>Feeding of lactating cow</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Proper feeding of dairy cattle should envisage minimum wastage of nutrients and maximum returns in respect of milk produced. ➤ A concentrate mixture made up of protein supplements such as oil cakes, energy sources such as cereal grains (Maize, Jowar), tapioca chips and laxative feeds such as brans (rice bran, wheat bran, gram husk) is generally used. ➤ Mineral mixture containing major and all the trace elements should be included at a level of 2 percent. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dietary fiber for milking cow should be 17 % and NDF (Neutral Detergent Fiber) 22 %

Important Note: Farmers are informed to use the APPs & Videos related to Weather information: MEGHDOOT, MAUSAM AND DAMINI APPS. This information is available in the website:
mausam.imd.gov.in